

# BOOK OF ABSTRACTS

## **CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS**

## INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON BUSINESS, SUSTAINABILITY, EDUCATION, HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

February 09-10, 2019

Mercure London Hyde Park Hotel

**BESS-2019** 

Organized by:



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## **Chair's Welcome**

Research Forum for Social Science Innovation as platform that aims to help the scholarly community across nations to explore the critical role of multidisciplinary innovations for sustainability and growth of human societies. This conference provides a good opportunity for the academicians, practitioners, scientists, and scholars from across various disciplines to discuss avenues for interdisciplinary innovations and identify effective ways to address the challenges faced by our societies globally. The research ideas and studies that we received for this conference are very promising, unique, and impactful. I believe these studies have the potential to address key challenges in various sub-domains of social sciences and applied sciences.

I am really thankful to our honourable scientific review committee for spending much of their time in reviewing the papers for this event. I am also thankful to all the participants for being here with us to create an environment of knowledge sharing and learning. We the scholars of this world belong to the elite educated class of this society and we owe a lot to return back to this society. Lets break all the discriminating barriers and get free from all minor affiliations. Lets contribute even a little or single step for betterment of society and welfare of humanity to bring prosperity, peace and harmony in this world. Stay blessed. Thank you.

#### Dr. Vance Alfie

Conference Co-chair

#### **Review Board**

Arpad Abraham	Department of Economics, Faculty of Economics and Business Studies, University of Rochester, New York
Michele Belot	School of Economics, University of Edinburgh, Scotland
Juan J. Dolado	Department of Economics, Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Spain
Andrea Galeotti	Department of Economics, University of Essex, England
Piero Gottardi	Department of Economics, University of Venice, Italy
Andrea Ichino	Department of Economics, University of Bologna, Italy
Dermot McCann	Head of Politics and International Relations, London Metropolitan University
Dr Tony Novak	Senior Lecturer in Social Work, London Metropolitan University
Trushar Adatia	School of Human Sciences, London Metropolitan University
Axelle Ferriere	Department of Economics, Stern School of Business, New-York University USA
Dr. Des Raj Bajwa	Department of Commerce & Management, Govt. Post Graduate College Ambala Cantt, Director General Higher Education, Kurukshetra University, India

### **Organizing Committee**

Dr. Vance Alfie	Conference Chair Person
Mr. James Z.	Conference Coordinator
Ms. Misha Mathew	Conference Coordinator
Dr. Arthur Mason	Conference Coordinator

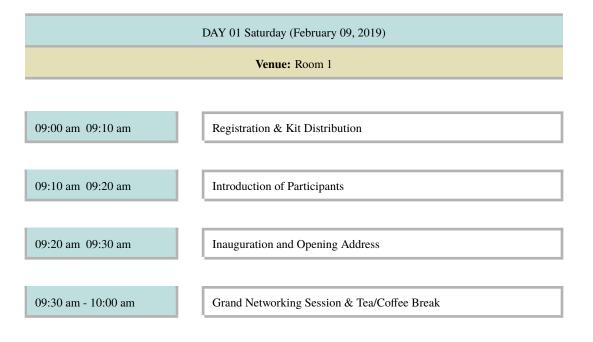
## **CONFERENCE VENUE**



Mercure London Hyde Park Hotel Address: Poyle Rd, Slough SL3 0FF, UK



## **CONFERENCE SCHEDULE**



## **PRESENTATIONS DETAIL**

DAY 01 Saturday (February 09, 2019)

Session 1 (10:00 am 12:00 pm)

Venue: Room 1

	Track: Social Sciences & Business Management	
Dr. Muhammad Awais	Game Theory, Loss-aversion, Stress, and Stocks Investment: A way of Investing	BESS-FEB-102
Dr. Tamer Koburtay	The Linkages Between People-Organization (P-O) Spirituality Fit and Workers Psychological Well-Being? Empirical Evidence from Jordan	BESS-FEB-105
Dr. Margareta M. Thomson	Fostering Academic Motivation and a Stem Growth Mindset in High Poverty Schools	BESS-FEB-121

		Track: Engineering Technology & Applied Sciences	
Reihaneh AramInvestigating Sustainability of the Traditional Buildings in Kermanshah- IranERI-FEB19-10	Reihaneh Aram	Investigating Sustainability of the Traditional Buildings in Kermanshah- Iran	ERI-FEB19-101

Lunch Break (12:00 pm - 01:00 pm)

Closing Ceremony

## **ATTENDEES DETAIL**

Prof. Woo-Gwang Jung	School of Advanced Materials Eng., Kookmin University 77 Jeongneung-ro, Seongbuk-gu, Seoul, 02707, Republic of Korea
Mohamed Irshana Rasmy	Master of Philosophy, Faculty of social science humanities, University Kebangsaan Malaysia



## 2nd Day (February 10, 2019)

All respective guests are free to conduct their own sightseeing and tour. The second day of the event is reserved for this memorable purpose.



#### Game Theory, Loss-aversion, Stress, and Stocks Investment: A way of Investing

Dr. Muhammad Awais<sup>1\*</sup>, Ahmad Sher<sup>2</sup>, Rida Fatima<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Assistant Professor (Finance), B & T, Foundation University Rawalpindi Campus (FURC), Pakistan, <sup>2</sup>PhD Scholar, Iqra University Islamabad Campus, Pakistan, <sup>3</sup>MSc Economics, Foundation University Rawalpindi Campus (FURC), Pakistan.

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#### ABSTRACT

The aim of this study is to provide an understanding regarding the investors situation of loss-aversion and stress during investment decisions in stock market, and the use of various mathematical models (game theories) to eliminate those situations. The objectives of this study are to know about the irrationalities in investors behavior in stock market, due to stress and loss-averse behavior of investors, and also find-out the ways to deal with these behaviors. Qualitative research style was used to gather data from the participants of the study. Semi-structured interviews were designed to know about the experience and thoughts of each and every individual in detail. A sample of 12 experienced stock marketers from Pakistan and USA were selected for this study. The study found the specific kind of tensed and biased investors behaviors in the market, and also found their solutions. This study obviously highpoints the ways to deal with stress and loss-averse behavior through mathematical analysis and some other suggestions.

#### **KEYWORDS**

Game Theory, Loss-aversion, Stress, Stocks Investment Jel classifications: C7, G02, H54

#### The Linkages Between People-Organization (P-O) Spirituality Fit and Workers Psychological Well-Being? Empirical Evidence from Jordan

#### Tamer Koburtay<sup>1\*</sup>, Abdelkareem Alzoubi<sup>2</sup>

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A lack of consolidated guidance is available on the linkages between spirituality and psychology in workplaces. The present study seeks to emphasize the theoretical importance that workplace spirituality may contribute to the psychology literature and scholarship. In specific, it aims to examine how People-Organization (P-O) spirituality fit may enhance employees eudaimonic psychological well-being. Based on a quantitative-inductive reasoning, and following a hypo-testing framework, this study applies different statistical analysis (e.g., paired sample t-test and multiple regression) to test the hypotheses formulated. Drawing on a questionnaire-based survey distributed to workers in various industries, the results report a match between workers and their workplaces spirituality. The results also show that this match improves workers psychological well-being. The novelty of this study invokes from extending understanding on the linkages between spirituality and psychology by testing, beyond the already existing dimensions of P-O fit, a new theoretical framework.

Key Words: Psychology P-O fit Spirituality.

#### Fostering Academic Motivation and a Stem Growth Mindset in High Poverty Schools

Margareta M. Thomson<sup>1</sup>\*, Irina Pop-Pacurar<sup>2</sup>, Oana Negru-Subtirica<sup>3</sup>, Ramona Radut-Taciu<sup>4</sup>, Musata D. Bocos<sup>5</sup>

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#### ABSTRACT

The current research study examines the impact of an innovative K-12 Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) program implemented in public schools with high-poverty levels. The study is funded by the United States Core Fulbright Award for a duration of one academic year, respectively the 2018-2019. The project brings together an interdisciplinary team from the Unites States and Romania with a wide range of expertise, such as Education, Psychology, Teacher Training and Science Education, along with mentor scientists trained in biological science. The research project aims at developing K-12 students STEM literacy, motivation and domain identification, particularly for struggling and economically disadvantages students from public schools. Oftentimes, economically disadvantaged students identify themselves as individuals from minority groups, which are most likely to be underrepresented in the STEM careers. A whole-school innovative mentorship program for middle grades students (N=300), aged 12-14 and enrolled in grades 6th and 7th is implemented in three public schools in Romania. In the mentorship program, teachers and students are paired up with mentor scientists in order to help students learn from scientists, not just science, but valuable scientific research knowledge. The intervention is based on psychological principles from the Growth-Mindset Model (Dweck, 2006), in which academic effort and persistence are valued. Developing and implementing this transformative program will benefit not just the students and the school, but the wider community as well, since volunteer mentor scientists from the academic local community are involved. Contributions from the current study are numerous for both the research and practice, leading to more research avenues that will investigate the impact of such programs in countries with high poverty levels. The program and various components of the program can be replicated in various informal and formal learning settings around the world.

#### **KEYWORDS**

STEM, Motivation, Identity, Mindset, Science, Teaching.

#### Investigating Sustainability of the Traditional Buildings in Kermanshah- Iran

Reihaneh Aram<sup>1</sup>\*, Halil Zafer Alibaba<sup>2</sup>

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#### ABSTRACT

Sustainability is known to be a worldwide issue. In a situation where fossil energy consumption, pollution, and climate change have all become problems for human societies, the need for a comprehensive review and modification of the building rebirth seems to be essential. This is particularly true given the challenges on today's global agenda, as renewable energy consumption requires that attention be paid to ideas and construction methods alike. Consequently, analyzing and investigating traditional architecture is one possible solution. Traditional Iranian architecture is a valuable template for the creation of more environmentally friendly buildings. In fact, it can be useful to investigate past experiences for underlying and worthy patterns if there is any hope of creating a better future. Kermanshah is one of the capital cities of Iran and has a rich heritage, valuable historical buildings, ancient civilization, and an architectural identity heavily influenced by the past. This research aims to explore the elements of sustainable architecture outlined by environmental and economic approaches of traditional Iranian buildings in Kermanshah. The cases that are analyzed include the traditional bazaar, holy building and mosque. This research found that Kermanshah has an architectural identity that conforms to the regional climate and environment. It also noted the use of renewable sources as passive strategies in these traditional buildings for energy efficiency, economic efficiency and environmental solution. For example, using domed roofs, introverted building form, dark color, and Ivan, among others, can be listed as some of the sustainable parameters found in Kermanshah traditional buildings.

#### **KEYWORDS**

Kermanshah, Sustainable, Traditional building.

#### Laser-Induced Surface Modification of Contact Lenses for Measuring Intraocular Pressure for Glaucoma Patients

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#### ABSTRACT

The project highlights the final findings on the laser-induced modification of surface properties of contact lenses. Selective areas of the surface of commercial silicon-hydrogel contact lenses were patterned in array formats using different powers of the CO2 laser. 1D arrays of different groove densities, channels, and 2D intersecting architecture were fabricated. Contact angle measurements were carried out to measure the surface hydrophilicity, and extent of hydration was linked with the surface profile properties and the space gap between the fabricated patterns, which were controlled by the beam exposure time, beam power, and scan speed. Laser treatment of contact lenses resulted in improved hydration proportional to the density of laser ablated segments on the surface. The hydration time of water droplets on different lens surfaces was also recorded all 2D patterned lenses showed faster hydration as water quickly diffused into the bulk of the lens due to the extended interfacial area between the contact lens and the water droplet as a consequence of larger areal modification in 2D as compared with 1D patterns. The best wettability properties were obtained with 0.3 mm space gap, 9 W power, and 200 mm s-1 scan speed. Optical microscopy was used to image the 3D surface profiles of the modified lenses and the depth of the patterns and was correlated with the experimental observations. The maximum depth of 40 m was observed with 0.3 mm space gap, 9 W, and 200 mm s-1 scan speed. Optical transmittance of broadband white light was measured to assess the surface treatment effects on the contact lenses. A large exposure and dense patterning of contact lens resulted in decreased (down to a minimum of 45%) in the light transmittance, which dictates the practical usability of such patterning. Surface treatment of contact lenses can be utilized to deposit stable conducting connection for on-lens-LEDs, displays, and communication antennas as well as for stabilizing biosensing materials and drug dispensing applications.

#### **KEYWORDS**

Laser-induced modification, Contact Lenses, Silicon-hydrogel, Wettability.